## SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier used on the labe	1				
	Sludge Be Gone (SBG)				
Product Code(s)	US Product Codes: 00342, 90342, 00359P, 00360 Canada Product Codes: 00424, 90424				
Recommended use of the chemica	l and restrictions on use				
	: Fuel oil treatment No restrictions or	use known			
Chemical family	Mixture.	Mixture.			
Name, address, and telephone the manufacturer:	number of	Name, address, and telephone number of the supplier:			
FPPF Chemical Company, Inc. 117 West Tupper Street Buffalo, NY, USA 14201 Manufacturer's Telephone #	: 1-800-735-3773	Refer to manufacturer			
24 Hr. Emergency Tel #	: Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300 (Within Continental U.S.); Chemtrec 703-527-3887 (Outside U.S.).				

### SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### **Classification of the chemical**

Colourless to slightly hazy liquid. Butyl odour.

This material is classified as hazardous under U.S. OSHA regulations (29CFR 1910.1200) (Hazcom 2012) and Canadian WHMIS regulations (Hazardous Products Regulations) (WHMIS 2015).

Classification:

Flammable Liquid - Category 3 Acute Toxicity, oral - Category 4 Acute Toxicity, dermal - Category 3 Acute Toxicity, inhalation - Category 3 (vapor) Skin Corrosion/Irritation - Category 2 Eye Damage/Irritation - Category 2A Aspiration Toxicity - Category 1 Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Single Exposure - Category 3 (cns)

Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)





Hazard statement(s)

Flammable liquid and vapour Harmful if swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin. Toxic if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Precautionary statement(s)

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical and ventilating equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection. Avoid breathing mist or vapours. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection. Wash hands and face thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

In case of fire, use dry chemical, CO2, or alcohol foam to extinguish.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs, get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed.

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

#### Other hazards

No OSHA defined hazard classes.

Other hazards which do not result in classification: May be sensitive to static discharge. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Burning produces obnoxious and toxic fumes. Prolonged or repeated contact may cause drying, cracking and defatting of the skin.

Environmental precautions: Avoid release to the environment. See ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION, Section 12.

### SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

emical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS #	<u>Concentration</u>	
Stoddard solvent (mineral spirits)	Mineral spirits White spirit	8052-41-3	20.0 - 30.0	
Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether	2-Butoxyethanol; EGBE; 2-Butoxy-1-ethanol	111-76-2	70.0 - 80.0	
oleic acid	Oleinic acid; 9-Octadecenoic acid Elaic acid	112-80-1	1.0 - 5.0	

The exact concentrations of the above listed chemicals are being withheld as a trade secret.

### SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

#### Description of first aid measures

Ingestion	: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Aspiration hazard if swallowed - can enter lungs and cause damage. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep victim's head lowered (forward) to reduce the risk of aspiration. Never give anything by mouth to a person who is unconscious or is having convulsions
Inhalation	<ul> <li>IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen by qualified medical personnel only.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	<ul> <li>IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs, get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.</li> </ul>
Eye contact	: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

	,
	Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Symptoms may include severe abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting. Toxic if inhaled. Symptoms may include coughing, choking and wheezing. May cause
	respiratory impairment and lung damage.
	Toxic in contact with skin. May be absorbed through the skin, producing symptoms similar to ingestion or inhalation.
(	Causes skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, itching and swelling.
	Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include redness, pain, tearing and conjunctivitis.
1	May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Symptoms may include pain, headache,
1	nausea, vomiting, dizziness, drowsiness and other central nervous system effects.
I	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Aspiration hazard - material may cause ung inflammation or damage if it enters lungs through vomiting or swallowing.
	Symptoms include coughing, shortness of breath and wheezing.
(	Prolonged overexposure may cause slight liver and kidney effects, such as increased organ weights. Prolonged or repeated contact may cause drying, cracking and defatting of the skin. Chronic overexposure to 2-butoxyethanol may cause liver, kidney and blood damage, based on animal data.
Indication of any immediate medical a	ttention and special treatment needed
	Immediate medical attention is required. Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING ME	ASURES

#### Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	
:	Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide and water fog.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	
:	Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.
Special hazards arising from the sub	ostance or mixture / Conditions of flammability
:	Flammable liquid and vapour Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flames. Product may float, and be re-ignited at the water's surface. Vapours are heavier than air and collect in confined and low-lying areas. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product will accumulate static charge by flow, splashing or agitation. After prolonged storage, may release explosive peroxides in the presence of air. Rate of peroxide formation is not known. Closed containers may build up pressure when exposed to heat and flame.
Flammability classification (OSHA 2	9 CFR 1910.106)
:	Flammable Liquid - Category 3
Hazardous combustion products	
:	Irritating or noxious fumes, acrid smoke, and carbon oxides.
Special protective equipment and pr Protective equipment for fire-fight	
	Firefighters should wear an approved full-face, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and impervious clothing. Firefighters should wear proper protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus with full face piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Special fire-fighting procedures	
:	Move containers from fire area if safe to do so. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering sewers, drains, drinking water supply or any natural waterway. Dike for water control.
SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELI	EASE MEASURES

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

: Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep all other personnel upwind and away from the spill/release. All persons dealing with clean-up should wear the appropriate protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus. Restrict access to area until completion of clean-up. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

Environmental precautions	: Ensure spilled product does not enter drains, sewers, waterways, or confined spaces. If necessary, dike well ahead of the spill to prevent runoff into drains, sewers, or any natural waterway or drinking supply.
Methods and material for contair	iment and cleaning up
	: Ventilate the area. Remove all sources of ignition. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Use only non-sparking tools. Bond and ground transfer containers and equipment to avoid static accumulation. For spilled liquids: absorb spill with inert, non-combustible material such as sand, then place into suitable containers. Do not use combustible absorbents, such as sawdust. Pick up and transfer to properly labelled containers. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazards as the spilled product. Contact the proper local authorities.
Special spill response procedure	IS
	<ul> <li>In case of a transportation accident, in the United States contact CHEMTREC at 1-800-424-9300 or International at 1-703-527-3887. If a spill/release in excess of the EPA reportable quantity is made into the environment, immediately notify the national response center in the United States (phone: 1-800-424-8002).</li> <li>US CERCLA Reportable quantity (RQ): None.</li> </ul>

### SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### Precautions for safe handling

	: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical and ventilating equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid contact with incompatible materials.
Conditions for safe storage	<ul> <li>Store in well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed. Store away from incompatibles and out of direct sunlight. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge. After prolonged storage, may release explosive peroxides in the presence of air. Direct sunlight or heat may accelerate the release of peroxides. Rate of peroxide formation is not known. Storage area should be clearly identified, clear of obstruction and accessible only to trained and authorized personnel. Inspect periodically for damage or leaks. No smoking in the area.</li> <li>Strong oxidizing agents Strong acids Alkali metals Alkaline earth metals</li> </ul>

### SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Chemical Name	<u>ACGI</u>	<u>H TLV</u>	OSHA PEL	
	<u>TWA</u>	<u>STEL</u>	PEL	<u>STEL</u>
toddard solvent (mineral spirits)	100 ppm	N/Av	500 ppm (2900 mg/m³)	N/Av
thylene glycol monobutyl ether	20 ppm	N/Av	50 ppm (skin)	N/Av

### Exposure controls

Ventilation and engineering measures

: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits. Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. Use explosion-proof equipment. In case of insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory equipment.

Respiratory protection	:	If engineering controls and work practices are not effective in controlling exposure to this material, then wear suitable approved respiratory protection. If the TLV is exceeded, a NIOSH/MSHA-approved respirator is advised. Respirators should be selected based on the form and concentration of contaminants in air, and in accordance with OSHA (29 CFR 1910.134) or CSA Z94.4-02.
Skin protection	:	Wear protective gloves/clothing. Where extensive exposure to product is possible, use resistant coveralls, apron and boots to prevent contact. The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective gloves.
Eye / face protection	:	Wear eye/face protection. Chemical splash goggles are recommended. A full face shield may also be necessary.
Other protective equipment	:	Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Other equipment may be required depending on workplace standards.
General hygiene considerations		
	:	Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not eat, drink, smoke or use cosmetics while working with this product. Upon completion of work, wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or use of toilet facilities. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Do not take contaminated clothing home. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

# SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	:	Clear to slightly hazy liquid.
Odour	:	Butyl odour.
Odour threshold	:	N/Av
рН	:	N/Av
Melting/Freezing point	:	N/Av
Initial boiling point and boiling ra	ng	e
	:	Approximately >154°C / >310°F
Flash point	:	42.8°C / 109°F
Flashpoint (Method)	:	Tag closed cup
Evaporation rate (BuAe = 1)	:	N/Av
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	N/Ap
Lower flammable limit (% by vol.)	)	r
(,,	:	N/Av
Upper flammable limit (% by vol.)		
	:	N/Av
Oxidizing properties	:	None known.
Explosive properties	:	N/Av
Vapour pressure	:	N/Av
Vapour density	:	>1
Relative density / Specific gravity	,	
	:	0.818
Solubility in water	:	Partially soluble.
Other solubility(ies)	:	
	ate	r or Coefficient of water/oil distribution
	:	N/Av
Auto-ignition temperature	:	N/Av
Decomposition temperature	:	N/Av
Viscosity	:	N/Av
Volatiles (% by weight)	:	98%(approximately)
Volatile organic Compounds (VO	C's	)
	:	N/Av
Absolute pressure of container		
	:	N/Ap
Flame projection length	:	N/Ap
Other physical/chemical commer	-	· · · · · · · · · · · ·
	:	None reported by the manufacturer.
	•	tione reported by the manufacturer.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY			
Reactivity	: Not normally reactive.		
Chemical stability	: Stable under normal conditions.		
Possibility of hazardous rea	ctions		
Conditions to avoid	<ul> <li>Hazardous polymerization will not occur. May be sensitive to static discharge. May form explosive peroxides during prolonged exposure to air and heat.</li> <li>Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Keep away from direct sunlight. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid contact with incompatible materials.</li> </ul>		
Incompatible materials	: Strong oxidizing agents Strong acids Alkali metals Alkaline earth metals		
Hazardous decomposition p	roducts		
	: None reported. Refer also to hazardous combustion products, Section 5.		

## SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## Information on likely routes of exposure:

Routes of entry inhalation	:	YES			
Routes of entry skin & eye	:	YES			
Routes of entry Ingestion	:	YES			
Routes of exposure skin absorption					
	:	YES			

# Potential Health Effects:

## Signs and symptoms of short-term (acute) exposure

Sign and symptoms Inhalation

Sign and symptoms ingestion	Toxic if inhaled. Inhalation of vapors or mists may cause irritation to the nose, throat and upper respiratory tract. Symptoms may include pain, headache, nausea, vomiting, dizziness, drowsiness and other central nervous system effects. May cause coughing and breathing difficulties.
	Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion may cause symptoms similar to inhalation. Symptoms may include severe abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting. Ingestion may irritate digestive tract and cause nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Aspiration hazard - material may cause lung inflammation or damage if it enters lungs through vomiting or swallowing. Symptoms include coughing, shortness of breath and wheezing.
Sign and symptoms skin	Toxic in contact with skin. May be absorbed through the skin, producing symptoms similar to ingestion or inhalation. Causes skin irritation. Symptoms include: Dryness, itching, cracking, burning, redness and swelling.
Sign and symptoms eyes	Causes serious eye irritation. Symptoms may include redness, pain, tearing and conjunctivitis.
Potential Chronic Health Effects	
	Chronic overexposure to 2-butoxyethanol may cause liver, kidney and blood damage, based on animal data. Prolonged or repeated contact may cause drying, cracking and defatting of the skin.
Mutagenicity	Not expected to be mutagenic in humans.
Carcinogenicity	No components are listed as carcinogens by ACGIH, IARC, OSHA or NTP.
Reproductive effects & Teratogen	ity
	Not expected to be cause reproductive effects.
Sensitization to material	Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer. Not expected to be a skin sensitizer.

Specific target organ effects	: Eyes, skin, respiratory system, digestive system, central nervous system.
	This material is not classified as hazardous under U.S. OSHA regulations (29CFR 1910.1200) (Hazcom 2012) and Canadian WHMIS regulations (Hazardous Products Regulations) (WHMIS 2015).
	Classification: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Single Exposure - Category 3 (cns) May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Medical conditions aggravated	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicity-repeated exposure. / overexposure
	: Pre-existing skin, eye, respiratory and central nervous system disorders.
Synergistic materials	: None reported by the manufacturer.
Toxicological data	: The calculated ATE values for this mixture are: ATE oral =706mg/kg ATE dermal =400mg/kg ATE inhalation (vapours) =2.8mg/L/4H

See below for individual ingredient acute toxicity data.

	LC50(4hr)	LD	950
Chemical name	inh, rat	<u>(Oral, rat)</u>	(Rabbit, dermal)
Stoddard solvent (mineral spirits)	> 5.5 mg/L (vapour)	> 5000 mg/kg	> 3000 mg/kg
Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether	450 ppm (2.175 mg/L)	530 mg/kg	400 - 500 mg/kg
oleic acid	N/Av	>19200 mg/kg	>3000mg/kg

Other important toxicological hazards

: None known or reported by the manufacturer.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGIC	CAL INFORMATION				
Ecotoxicity	: No data is available on the product itself.				
-	See the following tables for individual ingredient ecotoxicity data.				

Ecotoxicity data:

		Toxicity to Fish				
<u>Ingredients</u>	CAS No	LC50 / 96h	NOEC / 21 day	M Factor		
Stoddard solvent (mineral spirits)	8052-41-3	2.1 - 4.2 mg/L (Bluegill sunfish)	N/Av	None.		
Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether	111-76-2	1490 mg/L (Bluegill)	>100mg/L (Zebra fish)	None.		
oleic acid	112-80-1	205 mg/L(Fathead minnow)	N/Av	None.		

<u>Ingredients</u>	CAS No	CAS No Toxicity to Daphnia				
		EC50 / 48h	NOEC / 21 day	M Factor		
Stoddard solvent (mineral spirits)	8052-41-3	0.42 - 2.3 mg/L (Daphnia magna) (Closed systems - low end; Open systems - high end)	0.1 - 0.37 mg/L	None.		
Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether	111-76-2	835 mg/L (Water flea)	100mg/L (Water flea)	None.		
oleic acid	112-80-1	N/Av	N/Av	N/Av		

## Sludge Be Gone (SBG) SDS Preparation Date (mm/dd/yyyy): 05/24/2015

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Ing	redients	CAS No	То	oxicity to Algae		
			EC50 / 96h or 72h	NOEC / 96h or 72	h	M Factor
Stoddard solve	nt (mineral spirits)	8052-41-3	0.58 - 1.2 mg/L/72hr (Green algae) (Closed systems - low end; Open systems - high end)	0.16 mg/L/72hr		None.
Ethylene glycol	monobutyl ether	111-76-2	911mg/L/72hr	286mg/L/72hr		None.
oleic acid		112-80-1	N/Av	N/Av		N/Av
ersistence an Bioaccumulatio	d degradability on potential	be readily biod : No data is avai	lable on the product itself. Th egradable: Ethylene glycol m lable on the product itself. ng data for ingredient informa	onobutyl ether	are consid	ered to
Com	oonents	Partition coeff	icent n-octanol/ater (log Kov	<u>v)</u> <u>Bioconc</u>	entration fa	actor (BCF)
Stoddard sol spirits) (CAS			3.16 - 7.06		N//	٩v
Ethylene glyc (CAS 111-76	col monobutyl eth -2)	er	0.81 at 25 °C		0.9	97
oleic acid (C/	AS 112-80-1)		7.64		10(calo	culated)
ECTION 13. landling for Di lethods of Dis	isposal	<ul> <li>NSIDERATIONS</li> <li>Handle in accorprotective mea</li> <li>Dispose in accregulations.</li> <li>If this product, criteria of a haz responsibility of disposal method</li> </ul>	ound or surface waters. rdance with good industrial h sures listed in sections 7 and ordance with all applicable fe as supplied, becomes a wast zardous waste as defined unc f the waste generator to dete vd. For disposal of unused or mental agencies.	8. deral, state, provincial te in the United States, der RCRA, Title 40 CFI rmine the proper waste	and local it may mee R 261. It is t e identificati	et the the on and
SECTION 14.	TRANSPORTA	TION INFORMAT	ION			
Regulatory Information	UN Number	UN pi	roper shipping name	Transport hazard class(es)	Packing Group	Label
49CFR/DOT	UN1993	FLAMMABLE LIQUID	N.O.S. (stoddard solvent)	3	III	
49CFR/DOT Additional information			nbustible liquid', when shipping b ion-hazardous material when shi			
TDG	UN1993	FLAMMABLE LIQUID	N.O.S. (stoddard solvent)	3	III	
TDG Additional		y be shipped as non-reg of TDG section 1.33 are	ulated material when in small me e met.	eans of containment (<450	) Litres), prov	vided

information

Environmental hazards

: This product does not meet the criteria for an environmentally hazardous mixture, according to the IMDG Code. See ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION, Section 12.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

: Not available.

### SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### **US Federal Information:**

Components listed below are present on the following U.S. Federal chemical lists:

		TSCA	CERCLA Reportable	SARA TITLE III: Sec. 302, Extremely	SARA TITLE III: Se 372, Specific To	,
Ingredients CAS # Inventory Quantity(RQ) (40 CFR 117.302):	Hazardous Substance, 40 CFR 355:	Toxic Chemical	de minimus Concentration			
Stoddard solvent (mineral spirits)	8052-41-3	Yes	None.	None.	No	N/Ap
Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether	111-76-2	Yes	N/Ap	N/Av	No	N/Ap
oleic acid	112-80-1	Yes	N/Ap	N/Av	No	N/Ap

SARA TITLE III: Sec. 311 and 312, MSDS Requirements, 40 CFR 370 Hazard Classes: Fire Hazard; Acute Health Hazard. Chronic Health Hazard Under SARA Sections 311 and 312, the EPA has established threshold quantities for the reporting of hazardous chemicals. The current thresholds are 500 pounds for the threshold planning quantity (TPQ), whichever is lower, for extremely hazardous substances and 10,000 pounds for all other hazardous chemicals.

#### US State Right to Know Laws:

The following chemicals are specifically listed by individual States:

Ingredients	CAS #	California Proposition 65			State "Right to Know" Lists				
ingreatents		Listed	Type of Toxicity	CA	MA	MN	NJ	PA	RI
Stoddard solvent (mineral spirits)	8052-41-3	No	N/Ap	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether	111-76-2	No	Not listed	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
bleic acid	112-80-1	No	Not listed	No	No	No	No	Yes	No

#### Canadian Information:

Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA) information: All ingredients listed appear on the Domestic Substances List (DSL).

Canadian WHMIS Classification: See Section 2.

#### International Information:

Components listed below are present on the following International Inventory list:

Ingredients	CAS #	European EINECs	Australia AICS	Philippines PICCS	Japan ENCS	Korea KECI/KECL	China IECSC	NewZealand IOC
Stoddard solvent (mineral spirits)	8052-41-3	232-489-3	Present	Present	(9)-1702; (9)-1702	KE-32199	Present	HSR001498
Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether	111-76-2	203-905-0	Present	Present	(7)-97; (2)-407	KE-04134	Present	HSR001154
oleic acid	112-80-1	204-007-1	Present	Present	(2)-975; (2)-609	KE-26450	Present	HSR003153

## SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Legend	: ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
	ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
	CA: California
	CAS: Chemical Abstract Services
	CERCLA: Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act
	of 1980 CED: Code of Foderal Degulations
	CFR: Code of Federal Regulations
	CNS: Central Nervous System
	CSA: Canadian Standards Association
	DOT: Department of Transportation EC50: Effective Concentration 50%.
	EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances
	ENCS: Existing and New Chemical Substances
	EPA: Environmental Protection Agency
	HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System
	HSDB: Hazardous Substances Data Bank
	IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer
	IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	Inh: Inhalation
	KECI: Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory
	KECL: Korean Existing Chemicals List
	LC: Lethal Concentration
	LD: Lethal Dose
	MA: Massachusetts
	MN: Minnesota
	MSHA: Mine Safety and Health Administration
	N/Ap: Not Applicable
	N/Av: Not Available
	NFPA: National Fire Protection Association
	NJ: New Jersey
	NIOSH: National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health
	NTP: National Toxicology Program NOEC: No observable effect concentration
	OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration
	PA: Pennsylvania
	PEL: Permissible exposure limit
	PICCS: Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances
	RCRA: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
	RI: Rhode Island
	RTECS: Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
	SARA: Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act
	STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
	TDG: Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act & Regulations
	TLV: Threshold Limit Values
	TPQ: Threshold Planning Quantity
	TSCA: Toxic Substance Control Act
	TWA: Time Weighted Average
	WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Identification System
References	: Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety, CCInfoWeb Databases, 2015
	(Chempendium, RTECs, HSDB, INCHEM). European Chemicals Agency,
	Classification Legislation, 2015 Information taken from reference works and the
	literature. Material Safety Data Sheet from manufacturer OECD- The Global Portal to
	Information on Chemical Substances - eChemPortal, 2015 National occupational
<b>_</b>	exposure limits
Preparation Date (mm/dd/yyyy)	
	: 05/24/2015
Other special considerations for	handling
-	

: Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators.

Prepared for:	
FPPF Chemical Company, Inc. 117 West Tupper Street	
Buffalo, NY, USA 14201	
Telephone: 1-800-735-3773 Please direct all enquiries to FPPF Chemical Company	
Prepared by:	
ICC The Compliance Center Inc. Telephone: (888) 442-9628 (U.S.): (888) 977-4834 (Canada)	icc Compliance Center
http://www.thecompliancecenter.com	compliance

### DISCLAIMER

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### **END OF DOCUMENT**